

Q.1

Ans → Considering Last ID No-2  
for which

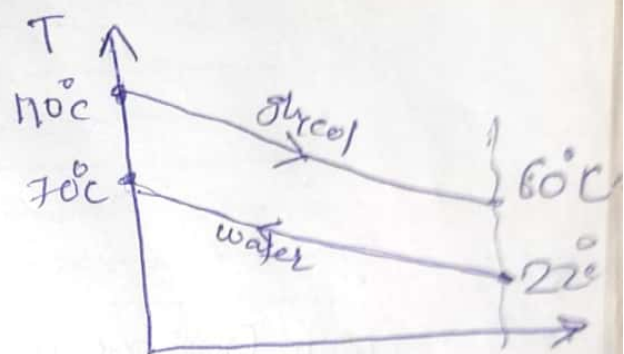
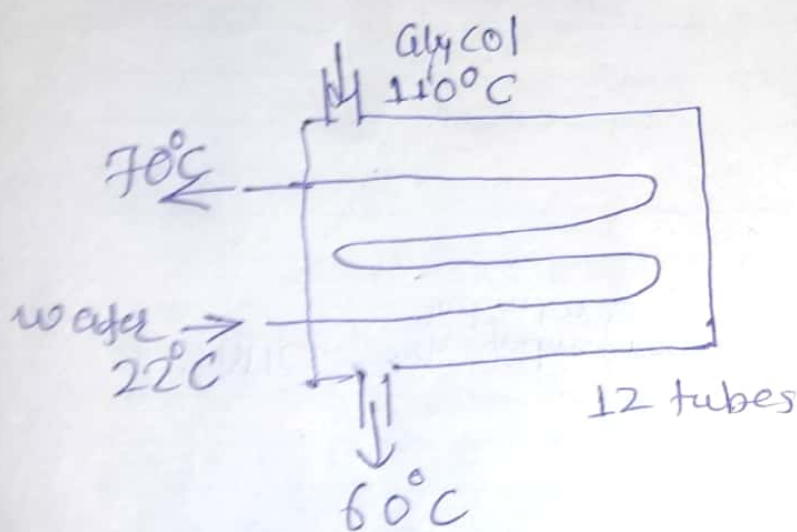
mass flow rate of water  $\dot{m}_w = 1 \text{ kg/sec}$

Also given

Overall heat transfer coefficient  $U = 280 \text{ W/m}^2\text{°C}$

Specific heat capacity of water  $C_{pw} = 4180 \text{ J/kg}^\circ\text{C}$

Specific heat capacity of glycol  $C_{pg} = 2680 \text{ J/kg}^\circ\text{C}$



To determine

- The rate of heat transfer
- Heat transfer area of the surface.

No. of transfer units

$$NTU = \frac{UA}{C_{min}}$$

①

NTU is unknown & can be found out by

finding effectiveness  $\epsilon$  &

$$\epsilon = \frac{C_{min}}{C_{max}}$$

Heat capacity rates can be found by

$$C_{\text{water}} = \dot{m}_c C_{pw} = 1 \times 4180 = 4180 \text{ J/}^\circ\text{C} = 4180 \text{ W/}^\circ\text{C}$$

Equating the energy balance relation

$$C_{\text{glycol}} = C_{\text{water}} \frac{(T_{wo} - T_{wi})}{(T_{gi} - T_{go})} = 4180 \times \frac{48}{50}$$

$$C_{\text{glycol}} = 4012.8 \text{ W/}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$C_{\min} = C_{\text{glycol}} = 4012.8 \text{ W/}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\therefore C = \frac{4012.8}{4180} = 0.96$$

Heat transfer rate

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= \dot{m}_w C_{pw} (\Delta T)_{\text{water}} \\ &= 1 \times 4180 \times (48) \end{aligned}$$

$$Q = 200.64 \text{ KJ/sec}$$

$$Q_{\max} = C_{\min} (T_{hi} - T_{ci}) = 4012.8 \times (110 - 22)$$

$$Q_{\max} = 353.126 \text{ KJ/sec}$$

$$\therefore \text{effectiveness } (\epsilon) = \frac{Q}{Q_{\max}} = \frac{200.64}{353.126}$$

$$\epsilon = 0.566$$

$$(NTU)_{1shell} = - (1 + C^2)^{-1/2} \ln \left( \frac{E-1}{E+1} \right)$$

$$E = \frac{2/\epsilon_1 - (1+C)}{(1+C^2)^{1/2}}$$

$$(NTU)_{2shell} = \text{no. of shell} \times (NTU)_{1shell}$$

$$\epsilon_1 = \frac{F-1}{F-C} ; F = \left( \frac{\epsilon C - 1}{\epsilon - 1} \right)^{1/n}$$

$$\therefore F = \left( \frac{0.566 \times 0.96 - 1}{0.566 - 1} \right)^{1/2} = (1.0521)^{1/2}$$

$$F = 1.0257$$

$$\epsilon_1 = \left( \frac{1.0257 - 1}{1.0257 - 0.96} \right) = 0.3914$$

$$E = \frac{\left( \frac{2}{0.3914} \right) - (1 + 0.96)}{(1 + 0.96^2)^{1/2}} = \frac{3.15}{1.386} = 2.27$$

$$(NTU)_{1shell} = - (1 + 0.96^2)^{-1/2} \ln \left( \frac{2.27 - 1}{2.27 + 1} \right) = 0.6822$$

$$(NTU)_{2shell} = 2 \times 0.6822 = 1.364$$



From eqn (1)

$$A = \frac{(NTU)_{\text{25 heat}} \times C_{\min}}{U}$$
$$= \frac{1.364 \times 4012.8}{280}$$

$$A = 19.55 \text{ m}^2$$

∴ Heat transfer area of surface

$$\boxed{A = 19.55 \text{ m}^2}$$

Heat transfer rate

$$Q = \varepsilon C_{\min} (T_{\text{glycol inlet}} - T_{\text{water inlet}})$$

$$\boxed{Q = 200.54 \text{ watt}}$$

