Racism in schools outline

1. Introduction
2. Racism is a thorny issue to discuss, but the news and social media show that it still exists and affects how we interact in the United States. Racism is a learned trait in which we are socialized to see and act on differences. Racism is so pervasive that it interferes with learning and school interactions.
3. Recognizing that racism is ingrained in American history is the first step toward realizing it. And though it began a long time ago, the negative consequences are still being felt.
4. The way school leaders and teachers interact with students is influenced by their racial prejudice.
5. School funding and resources are connected with local and state resources. There are instances in which students from low- and low-income schools opt to enroll in high-resource specialized schools.
6. The lack of adequate resources and funding has a direct impact on academic achievement. Historically, black and brown students in poorly funded schools also had insufficient opportunities for learning.
7. Conclusion
8. Racism is learned conduct in which we socialize to see and act on differences. School managers and school communities can work together to fight racism.